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INGLIZCHA MATN O'QISHNI O'RNANING



Develop your reading

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**Tuzuvchilar: HamMTI “TILLAR” kafedrası mudiri, katta o’qituvchi
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LEARN 3000 WORDS with NEWS IN LEVELS

If you read and listen to two articles every day, your reading and listening skills can improve fast. You can learn quickly and after some time you will not have to translate into your own language. You will simply understand. **Why should you do this?**

When you listen to people in your native language, you do not translate. You simply understand. The same has to be in English. When you learn English, you have to learn the whole sentences in context.

Students, who translate English texts, do exercises and do tests are very good at translating, doing exercises and doing tests, but they have problems with understanding English in real life. In real life, nobody waits for your translation. People usually use simple English when they speak but they use it fast. **You have to understand with no translation to your native language.** If you translate, you cannot be part of communication because you are thinking about the language too much. These words are maybe hard to read but they are true.

You also have to hear every new word 5 to 10 times if you want to remember it. That's why we use the same words in one level. If you read and hear the same words again and again, you will understand them and remember them. If you know words from one level, you can go to a higher level and learn new words. It is important to go step by step, and read and listen to words which are used in English often. This is what we do with our news. In our short news, we use words which are used in English often. [Level 1](#) has the 1000 most important words. [Level 2](#) has the 2000 most important words, [Level 3](#) has the 3000 most important words.

So, **if you want to understand English fast and learn fast, read two articles or more a day.** You can improve your reading and listening quickly when you read easy English news. We will help you learn English fast and understand it. When you use this website every day, you can learn 3000 words which you need for communication with anybody in English.

One year ago: Window cleaners have an accident – level 1

This news is about two window cleaners. They are cleaning the windows of a tall building. They are 91 floors above the ground. The building is in Shanghai.

The window cleaners are on a **platform**. The platform starts to move. It moves a lot.

Somebody films this. It looks **pretty** scary.

People save the cleaners. They go to hospital, but they are fine. People are **investigating** the accident.

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: **platform** (the “box” for window cleaners), **pretty** (very), **investigate** (to try to understand why something happened).

Retell the text and use the new words in your retelling

One year ago: Window cleaners have an accident – level 2

Two window cleaners in Shanghai went through a scary **ordeal**. They were outside the 91st floor of a building when their **platform** began to **swing** and hit the building. The platform broke some glass – it fell into the building and down to the ground. The situation lasted for 15 minutes. People saved both men and they were not injured seriously. The cause of the incident is still unknown.

Translate into Uzbek and learn the new words: **ordeal** (a very difficult situation), **platform** (a “box” for standing inside), **swing** (to move from side to side).

One year ago: Window cleaners have an accident – level 3

A terrifying **ordeal** for two window cleaners in China, as the platform they were working on began swinging violently and **smashing** into the building.

The incident, which took place outside the 91st floor of the Shanghai World Financial Centre, lasted for 15 minutes with their **cradle slamming** into a wall at one point, sending glass flying into the building and down to the ground.

While the exact cause of the incident is not known, the two men were eventually **winched** to safety and taken to hospital where they were treated for **minor** injuries. An investigation is now under way.

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: **ordeal** (a very difficult situation), **smash** (hit), **cradle** (platform), **slam** (hit), **winch** (to move with a winch – a thing with a rope or chain), **minor** (small).

Talk English for free level 1

Hello students,

Two people want to speak English with you. They can speak with you for free every day! They know how to have a conversation in English.

The first person's Skype name is "**zappy**". » He has time in the afternoon from 3 pm to 8 pm CET (Central European Time).

The second person's Skype name is "**mtaquia**". He has time from 1 pm to 3 pm CET.

[Talk English for free level 2](#)

Hello students,

We would like to introduce two people who are ready to talk English with you for free every day! They know how to have a conversation in English.

The first person's Skype name is "**zappy**". » He is available in the afternoon from 3 pm to 8 pm CET (Central European Time).

The second person's Skype name is "**mtaquia**". He is available daily from 1 pm to 3 pm CET.

You can be at any level of English to contact them. You can contact them directly on Skype. When you contact them, send them the message, "*Hello, I want to speak with you in English.*"

[Talk English for free level 3](#)

Hello students,

We would like to introduce two people who are ready to talk English with you for free every day! They know how to have a conversation in English.

The first person's Skype name is "**zappy**". He is available in the afternoon from 3 pm to 8 pm CET (Central European Time).

The second person's Skype name is "**mtaquia**". He is available daily from 1 pm to 3 pm CET.

[Mexicans don't like Trump – level 1](#)

This news is from Mexico. During the Holy Week, people burn **effigies**. The effigies symbolise Judas. They can also symbolise unpopular **politicians**.

Donald Trump is very unpopular in Mexico. People burn his effigy. There are fireworks inside the effigy. They burn. In the end, Trump's head explodes.

Mexicans are **tired of** Trump. They hope that he does not become the president of the USA.

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: **effigy** (a model of a person), **politician** (a person in politics – one of many leaders in a country), **tired of** (when people do not like something anymore).

Mexicans don't like Trump – level 2

Burning **effigies** are part of the Mexican Holy Week. Traditionally, they represent Judas Iscariot who **betrayed** Jesus Christ. However, effigies are often modelled on unpopular political **figures**. And there is no one more unpopular in Mexico than Donald Trump.

People hung the effigy in the air and put fireworks inside it. It moved around as the fireworks blew up. In the end, Trump's head exploded.

One Mexican, who came out for the celebrations, said that Mexico is truly tired of Trump's nonsense. The people hope that he will not become the next president of the USA.

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: **effigy** (a model of a person), **betray** (to do something bad against a friend or a relative), **figure** (a person).

Mexicans don't like Trump – level 3

An **effigy** of Donald Trump spins and **fizzes** in the sky before finally... his head explodes!

Perhaps not something many of us expected to see today, but it was all part of these Easter celebrations in Mexico City.

The U.S. Republican **front runner** for the presidential nomination has **sparked outrage** south of the American border with his controversial anti-immigrant views and repeated attacks on the Mexican people.

Burning effigies here are nothing new, but part of a widespread Mexican Holy Week tradition, where they're meant to represent Judas Iscariot, who betrayed Jesus Christ, according to the Bible. But effigies are often modelled on unpopular political **figures** and few are more unpopular here than Donald Trump.

Local resident Miguel Angel Tincono came out for the celebrations. He said the effigy was chosen because Mexicans were truly tired of the nonsense he speaks and are hoping he won't get elected president.

Similar events are reported to have taken place across the country. They're thought to hold a symbolic function for uniting communities.

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: **effigy** (a model of a person), **fizz** (to sparkle, to crack), **front runner** (a person who is in a leading position), **spark** (to start a fire or to start a reaction), **outrage** (an extremely strong reaction of anger), **figure** (a person).

Coral bleaching – level 1

The Great Barrier **Reef** is 1,931 kilometres long. It is in Australia. It is the biggest living **ecosystem**. It is in danger.

This year is very hot. The water is getting hot, too. This is not good for the **coral**. The coral dies when the water is too hot. The coral turns white. There is no life in it. It is just rock. This is called “bleaching”.

People fly from Australia to Papua New Guinea. They film 500 coral reefs. 95% of them are white and yellow.

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: **reef** (a line of coral, rock or sand in the water), **ecosystem** (a group of living things), **coral** (a large plant that lives in the ocean).

Coral bleaching – level 2

The Great Barrier **Reef** is 1,931 kilometres long, and it is along Australia's northeast **coast**. It is the world's largest living ecosystem and it is in danger.

This year is very hot, partly because of the current El Niño climate cycle. The water temperature is rising which is very bad for corals. The coral is under stress and is driving out **the living algae**. Only the coral's "rock" stays behind. Then the coral is dead. This is called bleaching.

The Great Barrier Reef is being bleached. People filmed 500 coral reefs from the north of Australia to Papua New Guinea, and the video showed that 95% of them are white and yellow.

[Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words:](#) **reef** (a line of coral, rock or sand in the water), **coast** (a part of the land which touches the sea), *singular algae, plural algae* (a simple aquatic plant).

Coral bleaching – level 3

These **aerials** of Australia's Great Barrier Reef are evidence the most untouched part of it has the most severe **bleaching** in its history. **The footage**, which filmed over 500 coral reefs during six days from Cairns to Papua New Guinea, shows 95% is white and yellow.

Scientists say the bleaching happens in rising water temperatures – the coral, under stress, drives out living **algae**, causing it to **calcify**, and part of that **is down to the** current El Niño climate cycle. They say unless the World Heritage Site gets a break in the weather conditions within weeks, some coral areas are unlikely to survive. But the World Meteorological Organisation says a break in temperatures is unlikely, as this year looks set to be the hottest on record.

The Great Barrier Reef **stretches** 1,200 miles (1,931 kilometres) along Australia's northeast coast and is the world's largest living ecosystem. Last May, the World Heritage Committee **stopped short** of placing it on an "in danger" list but this latest find may raise long-term concerns about its future.

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: **aerial** (a video taken from the air), **bleaching** (getting white), **footage** (a video), *singularalga*, *plural algae* (a simple, non-flowering aquatic plant), **calcify** (to harden with calcium), **be down to**(because of), **stretch** (to exist over an area), **stop short** (to stop suddenly).

Balloons fly to North Korea – level 1

This news is from South Korea. South Korean protesters are at the **border** of the Koreas. They have three balloons. They **launch** them. The balloons fly to North Korea. The balloons carry 50,000 pieces of paper. On each paper, there is text. In the text, the South Koreans write about North Korea. South Korea does not like North Korea's **military provocations**. They criticise Kim Jong Un, too.

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: **border** (a line between two countries), **launch** (to send something in the air), **military provocation** (a situation when a country shows its army and war machines).

Balloons fly to North Korea – level 2

South Korean protesters **launched** three balloons with anti-Pyongyang messages in a city near the border of the Koreas.

In the 50,000 **leaflets**, the protesters **condemned** North Korea's provocations against the Republic of Korea. The leaflets criticised Kim Jong Un, as well.

In January, North Korea did a nuclear test, and in February, it launched a rocket. This meant that the situation between the Koreas became worse.

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: **launch** (to send up into the air), **leaflet** (a piece of paper with some information), **condemn**(to criticise).

Balloons fly to North Korea – level 3

Taking off into the sky, these balloons filled with anti-Pyongyang messages were **launched** by South Korean protesters **headed** to North Korea.

Three balloons carrying around 50,000 leaflets were released in the border city of Paju. The packages can be seen floating over the border amid **tension** following the North's nuclear test and rocket launch.

“We sent the leaflets carrying a message **denouncing** Kim Jong Un’s **succession** and North Korea’s nuclear missile programme. The leaflets also **condemn** North Korea’s armed provocations against the Republic of Korea.”

Tensions have been high on the Korean **Peninsula** since the North conducted a nuclear test in January and a long-ranged rocket launch in February, **prompting** the United Nations Security Council to issue news**sanctions**.

North Korean leader Kim Jong Un has recently been making official appearances in military drills and rocket engine testings which, if **genuine**, could indicate that an intercontinental ballistic missile is being developed.

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: **launch** (to let something go up), **head** (to go in a direction), **tension** (bad relations), **denounce** (to criticise), **succession** (when a leader gets his or her position in power from the last leader), **condemn** (to criticise), **peninsula** (land almost surrounded by water), **prompt** (to inspire), **sanction** (a punishment), **genuine** (true).

Rolling Stones in Cuba – level 1

The Rolling Stones is a British band. The band **forms** in 1962. The band cannot come to Cuba. The **government bans** it. They cannot be on Cuban TV or radio.

Now, things are different. In 2016, the Rolling Stones come to Cuba. They have a concert. Tens of thousands of people come. Some people wait 18 hours before the concert.

The Rolling Stones start the concert with "Jumping Jack Flash". This is a very popular song. People have a great time. They also wear the band’s famous tongue logo.

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: **form** (start to be), **government** (the “bosses” of a country), **ban** (to stop something, to make something illegal).

Rolling Stones in Cuba – level 2

The Rolling Stones is a British band that first formed in 1962. Cuba’s revolutionary government, led by Fidel Castro, found the music dangerous. Cuba **banned** the Rolling Stones across TV and radio.

However, the Rolling Stones performed in Cuba for the first time in history last month. Tens of thousands of people watched the show. Mic Jagger and company **kicked off** with their hit “Jumping Jack Flash”.

Fans waited for the concert for up to 18 hours before the start. A lot of them wore the band’s **iconic** tongue logo.

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: **ban** (if you ban something, you make it illegal), **kick off** (to start), **iconic** (very recognisable).

Rolling Stones in Cuba – level 3

For the first time in history, the Rolling Stones **rocked** Cuba. Watched by tens of thousands, Mick Jagger **and co.** kicked off with their hit “Jumping Jack Flash”.

It might only be rock and roll but the Cuban fans more than liked it. Fans started queuing for the concert 18 hours before the gates opened. They were all dressed to impress with the iconic tongue logo across all items of clothing.

When the Stones first formed in 1962, Cuba's revolutionary government, led by Fidel Castro, found their music to be dangerous and banned it across TV and radio.

Today though, Cuban fans were **nothing short of ecstatic** to watch the British band play half a century on.

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: **rock** (to play rock music and to make very excited), **and co.** (and company, and the rest), **nothing short of** (nothing less than), **ecstatic** (very happy).

Exercise in Hanoi – level 1

Hanoi is Vietnam's capital. This news is about its **vendors**. They do not have much time. They do not have money for the gym. However, they want to be fit. They buy a **speaker**. They exercise at work. Some **customers** exercise with them.

People in Hanoi like to exercise in the streets. You can see people in the morning. You can see them run or do yoga.

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: **vendor** (a person who sells something in the street), **speaker** (an electronic thing that makes music loud), **customer** (a person who buys something).

Exercise in Hanoi – level 2

Market **vendors** in Hanoi could not **afford** the gym and did not have time to exercise, but they wanted to be fit. They decided to exercise at work. They bought a speaker so everyone could join in, including the customers.

Vietnam's capital is known for its **unique** exercise culture. Even in the early hours, you can see people exercising. Running and yoga are common, but there are more creative routines, too.

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: **vendor** (a person who sells something in the street), **afford** (have enough money to buy something), **unique** (special and rare).

Exercise in Hanoi – level 3

Well, that's one way to stay in shape! These market **vendors** in Hanoi have decided, because they can't afford the gym and don't have time to exercise, **to take matters into their own hands** and feet, and dance themselves fit at work.

Some say they are too tired or have too little money to work out traditionally, so they bought a speaker so everyone can join in and learn from each other. Even the customers have a go.

Vietnam's capital is known for its unique exercise culture – even in the early hours, every inch of the park and pavements are taken up by **people from all walks of life** partaking in their exercise of choice. From classic running and yoga to more

creative routines using benches and trees as workout **props** and shouting out loud to help with breathing.

These **savvy** market vendors have proven there really is no excuse not to get your body moving.

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: **vendor** (a seller or a trader in the street), **take matters into one's hands** (to do something), **people from all walks of life** (people with different jobs and from different levels of society), **prop** (a thing that helps you do something), **savvy** (clever).

Trump art – level 1

In Hong Kong, there is an art **exhibit**. You can see photographs at the exhibit. The photographs show Donald Trump.

The pictures are unusual. A person is in one photograph. The person wears a blonde **hairpiece**. You cannot see the face. Pieces of a pig cover the face. There are sheep's eyes, too.

There are other things in the photographs. These are **symbols** for Donald Trump. They show how the artist sees Trump.

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: **exhibit** (a show of art or of something educational), **hairpiece** (false hair), **symbol** (a symbol shows something in a picture or in another way).

You can read the original story and watch the video in the Level 3 section.

Trump art – level 2

People **portray** Donald Trump in many ways, but a British artist used pig and sheep parts to represent him. In Hong Kong, you can see the Trump **installation**.

The installation shows photographs of a human model who wears a blond hairpiece over a face made of pig's **snout** and sheep's eyeballs.

There are more things in the photographs, and all of them have symbolic meanings. The artist used the installation to show how he sees Trump.

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: **portray** (to show/ to illustrate), **installation** (an art exhibit – an art show), **snout** (the nose of an animal).

Trump art – level 3

Republican **frontrunner** Donald Trump has been portrayed in many ways during his time in the **spotlight**, many focusing on his **bouffant** hair, orange skin and **supposedly** small hands. But a British artist has now used raw pig and sheep's parts to represent him in a whole new way at a Hong Kong art show.

"Well, I mean, so if you look at the **elements** in the work, it's full of references to the **commodities** market, whether that's crude oil pouring out of the holes of his suit, which are **chunks** of **rubble** that I've painted gold in reference to his empire of buildings, and, you know, essentially although it seems clear that financially he would've been better off just investing all of his **inheritance**, most of which he's been involved in his failed **business ventures** whilst at the same time promising that he's gonna make America great."

The Trump installation is a photograph of a human model wearing a blond bouffant hairpiece over a face constructed from a real pig's **snout** and sheep's eyeballs. But that's not all: a half-eaten croissant, raw fish, chunks of rubble covered in **gold leaf** and a suit splashed with crude oil complete the **ensemble**.

He went on to say that he has used this installation to illustrate his impressions of Trump, stating that he is nothing more than a "**deranged, insecure attention-seeker**".

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: **frontrunner** (somebody who is leading), **spotlight** (the public eye), **bouffant** (styled so as to stand out from the head in a rounded shape), **supposedly** (according to what people say), **element** (a part, a component), **commodities** (a raw material that people buy and sell), **chunk** (a piece), **inheritance** (the money and the things that you get after your parents die), **rubble** (the pieces of a destroyed building), **business venture** (a risky business-doing), **snout** (the nose), **gold leaf** (gold that people beat into a thin sheet to use in

covering something with gold), **ensemble** (a set of things), **deranged** (mad), **insecure**(unconfident), **attention-seeker** (somebody who seeks or looks for attention – people’s interest).

Two pandas in Vienna – level 1

Once a year, pandas can **mate**. Panda **females** can get **pregnant** for only 2 or 3 days. This makes getting pregnant difficult.

Two pandas are in a zoo in Vienna, Austria. They mate a few times. This is special. The zoo films the pandas. They let people see the video.

Pandas are pregnant for up to 163 days. The zoo must wait to see if the panda is pregnant.

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: **mate** (to make babies), **female** (a woman), **pregnant** (to start to have a baby inside).

Two pandas in Vienna – level 2

Only once a year, the **mating** season for pandas happens. The females are only able to get **pregnant** for two or three days in a year, which makes getting pregnant difficult.

In a zoo in Vienna, Austria, two pandas mated a few times, which is a rare event in a zoo. The zoo filmed the act and **released** the video.

The length of a panda’s pregnancy is up to 163 days, so the zoo must wait to see if the mating was a success.

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: **mate** (make babies), **pregnant** (to start to have a baby inside), **release** (to let people see it).

Two pandas in Vienna – level 3

If there are any young pandas watching, look away now! **Love is definitely in the air** at this zoo in Vienna. Two of the centre's giant pandas have **mated** several times – a rare event in captivity for one of the world's most **endangered species**.

The mating season for pandas is once a year, with females only able to **conceive** for two or three days, making reproduction difficult.

The mammals are known for their low **libido**, but sparks flew between Yang Yang and Long Hui and the zoo released this video of the pair in action. The zoo said animal keepers had noticed the signs between the two – who are usually loners – for about a week and let the bears "get together".

With **gestation** taking up to 163 days, keepers will now be waiting to see if the mating was successful. And Yang Yang and Long Hui? Well, they're off for a lie-down.

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: **love is in the air** (when animals or people want to have relationships), **mate** (to make babies), **endangered species** (a type of animal that may die out soon), **conceive** (to get pregnant), **libido** (wanting to have sex), **gestation** (the time of pregnancy).

Easter in the Philippines – level 1

This news is from the Philippines. Eighty percent of people in the Philippines are Catholic. Every year, they have an eight-day festival. It is the Holy Week. It ends on Easter Sunday.

During the festival, **Crucifixion rituals** happen. They happen on Good Friday. Some people are crucified. They are put on big crosses. This is extremely painful. This is also a show. Hundreds of visitors come to see the show.

The Catholic Church does not like these rituals.

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: **during** (at the time of), **crucifixion** (when you are crucified – Jesus was crucified when people nailed his hands and feet to a big cross), **ritual** (a religious ceremony many people do many times).

Easter in the Philippines – level 2

Some Catholics in the Philippines re-enacted Jesus Christ's **crucifixion** on Good Friday. People **nailed** their hands and feet to crosses, which was extremely painful.

The crucifixion rituals take place every year during the Holy Week, which is an eight-day festival that ends on Easter Sunday. The show attracts hundreds of visitors each

year, and it is a Philippine tradition. Catholics make up 80% of the country's population.

However, the Catholic Church says that self-crucifixion is not what the **faith** is about.

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: **crucifixion** (killing somebody by nailing him or her to a cross), **nail** (to fix something somewhere with a nail – a piece of metal), **faith** (religion).

Easter in the Philippines – level 3

Nailed to the cross, Catholic **devotees** in the Philippines re-enact Jesus Christ's crucifixion on Good Friday. Clearly in **agony**, these believers **endure** the pain of nails hammered into their hands and feet as a sign of faith and part of a longstanding tradition in the country where Catholics make up 80% of the population.

Seen here going through the **ordeal** is the oldest devotee to the crucifixion experience. Having gone through the **rite** for 30 years, he plans to retire soon, although not completely. And the **spectacle** attracts hundreds of curious visitors each year.

"I never thought in a million years I'd actually see someone live get crucified. It's quite shocking to see this happen... but it's a sight to **behold** because this is a holy week."

Every year, the crucifixion rituals take place during the Holy Week, an eight-day festival, which ends on Easter Sunday. **Penitents** recite prayers under the **sweltering** heat before being brought down and taken to a clinic for treatment.

But the Catholic Church has **deemed** self-crucifixion as a misinterpretation of faith, saying that rather prayer and **repentance** is a sufficient observation of **Lent**.

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: **devotee** (a fan, a fanatic), **agony** (extreme pain), **endure** (to go through something difficult), **ordeal** (a painful, difficult experience), **rite** (a tradition), **spectacle** (a show), **behold** (to look at), **penitent** (a person who seeks forgiveness from God), **sweltering** (uncomfortably hot), **deem** (to call something), **repentance** (repenting – feeling sad and sorry about the bad things you have done), **Lent** (the time before Easter).

Sleep with sharks – level 1

Do you use Airbnb? If so, you can win a prize. You can win a **stay** in a special room.

This room is **see-through** and it is in a **tank**.

The tank is ten metres deep in the water. There are 35 sharks in the tank. You can see them very well. The room is in Paris.

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: **stay** (when you visit somewhere for over a day), **see-through** (you can see through it because it is made of glass), **tank** (a big box for fish).

Sleep with sharks – level 2

Airbnb is offering its users the chance to win a night in an underwater bedroom at Aquarium de Paris. The bedroom is a small **capsule** in a ten-metre-deep **tank** in the water.

The capsule is **transparent** so you get a great view at the ten-metre-deep tank. The most interesting part is that there are 35 sharks in the tank.

The stay in the bedroom lets you see sharks up close, but just don't watch "Jaws" before going there!

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: **capsule** (a box), **tank** (a box for fish), **transparent** (see-through).

Sleep with sharks – level 3

Giving a new meaning to the phrase "**sleeping with the fishes**"! This is a sleepover like no other. Airbnb are offering its users the chance to win a night in an underwater bedroom at Aquarium de Paris.

Scared yet? Well, what if we told you the lucky winners will be **submerged** in three million litres of water in a tank ten metres deep, with only a 360-

degree **transparent** wall between them and some rather unusual neighbours – 35 sharks!

Guests will also enjoy an intimate meal at the aquarium with tank-side views. The experience is designed to give competition winners an exclusive behind-the-scenes **glimpse** into the world of sharks – how they live, why they're so misunderstood and their importance to the ocean's ecosystem.

Do you think you'd get a peaceful night's sleep? Maybe just don't watch “Jaws” before you go. Oh, and don't sleepwalk!

[Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words:](#) **sleep with the fishes** (when someone murders a person and throws him or her in the water), **submerge** (to go under water), **transparent** (see-through), **glimpse** (a quick look).

Explosions in Brussels – level 1

The capital of Belgium is Brussels. There are three explosions in Brussels. Two happen at an airport. One is at a metro station. The metro station is close to the EU buildings.

The explosions are **suicide attacks**. People film the situation. They put their videos online.

People **evacuate** the airport. Planes stop flying. People close the metro.

The **terror threat** in Belgium goes to maximum level.

[Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words:](#) **suicide attacks** (an attack when the attacker or criminal kills himself or herself while attacking people), **evacuate** (if people evacuate a building, everybody must leave the building), **terror threat**(the danger of a terror attack).

Explosions in Brussels – level 2

There were three explosions in Brussels, Belgium. Two of them were at the airport and the third was at a metro station close to the EU buildings.

Some Belgium media reported that a **suicide attack** caused the airport explosions. People also heard gunfire before the explosions. People filmed the moments after the explosions and shared them online.

People evacuated the airport and cancelled flights. They closed the metro system in Brussels. Brussels went into **lockdown**. The government raised the terror **threat** in Belgium to maximum level.

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: **suicide attack** (an attack during in which the attacker kills himself or herself while attacking others), **lockdown** (a state of isolation for security reasons), **threat** (a danger).

Explosions in Brussels – level 3

Three explosions in Belgium have been reported: two in Zaventem Airport and a third at a metro station close to the EU buildings in Brussels.

Footage shows people running away from the departures as smoke can clearly be seen rising from the airport building. Some Belgium media have reported that the airport explosions were caused by a suicide attack, and there are reports of gunfire heard at the airport before the **blast**.

The **aftermath** of the explosion has been captured and shared online. The Belgium fire service told the local media there were multiple **fatalities** and **casualties** and **figures** are expected to rise. Flights have been cancelled at the airport, which has been evacuated. Images of smoke coming from the Brussels metro station have also been **circulating** on social media.

The metro system in Brussels has been closed as the city goes into lockdown, and the terror threat in Belgium has been raised to maximum level 4 across the country following the blasts. They come just four days after the capture in Brussels of Salah Abdeslam, the main suspect in the Paris attacks in November.

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: **blast** (an explosion), **aftermath** (the situation after a disaster), **fatality** (a death), **casualty** (a death or an injury), **figure** (a number), **circulate** (to go around).

ExoMars mission - level 1

People **launch** a rocket. They launch it from Kazakhstan. It is a Russian rocket. It carries two **probes** into space.

The probes are European. This is the ExoMars mission. The European Space Agency organises it.

The probes are going to Mars. That takes seven months. When they are close to Mars, the probes **separate**. One probe goes down to Mars. The other one moves around the planet. It gets information about the atmosphere.

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: **launch** (to go up), **probe** (a spacecraft which gets information about something; there are no people on the spacecraft), **separate** (to go apart).

ExoMars mission - level 2

People **launched** a rocket from the Baikonur Cosmodrome in Kazakhstan. The Russian rocket carried up two robotic **probes** which will travel to Mars. This is the European Space Agency's ExoMars mission.

If all goes to plan, the journey to Mars should take seven months – the probes will reach the planet in October. When they get close to the Red Planet, they will **separate**. One probe will land on Mars and the other will **orbit** around the planet.

It will collect information about the atmosphere. Scientists are especially interested in the methane gas there because this is a sign of life.

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: **launch** (to go up), **probe** (an unmanned spacecraft which collects information), **separate** (to go apart), **orbit** (to move in a circle).

ExoMars mission - level 3

Baikonur Cosmodrome, Kazakhstan. A **Proton** rocket stands ready for **launch**. Inside, two robotic **probes destined** for the Red Planet. Together they make up the European Space Agency's ExoMars mission.

The rocket will launch at 3:31 p.m. local time on Monday or 9:31 a.m. **GMT**. Around 10 hours later, the rocket will separate and the probes will continue their journey towards Mars. If all goes to plan, that journey should take seven months, reaching the planet in October.

Three days out from the edge of the Martian atmosphere, the two probes will separate. An **entry, descent and landing demonstrator** module known as Schiaparelli will drop towards the surface. There, it will test technology for future missions and make environmental observations for a short period of time before its batteries die.

The Trace Gas Orbiter, meanwhile, will enter the planet's orbit, spending a year making manoeuvres to lower its **altitude** to 400 kilometres. By December 2017, it will be ready to begin analysing the make-up of the Martian atmosphere. In particular, scientists want to understand the presence of methane gas, a sign that life may once have existed on the Red Planet.

[Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words:](#) **Proton** (a Russian rocket type), **launch** (to go up), **probe** (an unmanned spacecraft which collects information), **destined** (going to a place), **GMT** (Greenwich Mean Time), **entry** (entering the atmosphere of Mars), **descent** (to fall), **demonstrator** (a thing that shows how things work), **altitude** (the height of the object).

Grammar for Speaking - level 1

Hello students,

We have a special teaching program for you. The name of the program is **Grammar for Speaking**. We want to show you the most important English grammar which you need for speaking.

The program is for students at Level 1 and Level 2. During the program, I speak clearly and not very fast. I try to use words which are not difficult. I believe that many of you can understand me.

If you want to watch videos in the program, you can click [here](#) and you will see a short video. If you like it, you can enter your email address, choose your country and click WATCH VIDEOS. Then you can watch 4 videos which are for free. If you like them, you can buy the whole program.

I believe that Grammar for Speaking can help you.

Grammar for Speaking - level 2

Hello students,

We have prepared a special teaching program for you. The name of the program is **Grammar for Speaking**. We want to show you the most important English grammar that you need for speaking.

The program is designed for students at Level 1 and Level 2. During the program, I will try to speak clearly and not very fast. I will try to use words that are not difficult. I believe that many of you will understand me.

Some students study English for many years but they are still not sure what grammar to use when they speak. They are not sure if they are using the correct grammar. They sometimes don't speak because they don't want to make a mistake.

We prepared a program that can help you understand English grammar.

If you want to watch videos in the program, you can click [here](#) and you will see a short video. If you like it, you can enter your email address, choose your country and click WATCH VIDEOS. Then we will send you 4 videos which are for free. If you like them, you can buy the whole program.

I hope that you will like Grammar for Speaking.

Have a nice day,

Grammar for Speaking - level 3

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I hope that you will like Grammar for Speaking.

Dangerous dentist - level 1

This news is about a dentist. He is from France. He is 51 years old. He **hurts** people. People call him "the butcher".

One woman wants **braces**. He takes out eight teeth. This is very painful. The woman **bleeds** for days.

Sadly, she is not the only one. The dentist hurts over a hundred people.

Now the dentist is in big trouble. He can go to prison for 10 years. He can pay 375,000 euro.

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: **hurt** (if you hurt somebody, you do something bad to them), **braces** (wires in the mouth which move the teeth a little), **bleed** (red “water” comes out of your body part when you bleed).

Dangerous dentist - level 2

In central France last week, a fifty-one-year-old French dentist arrived at court.

People **accused** him of **mutilating** over a hundred people. French media is calling him “the butcher”.

Many of the patients were present at the court and they shared their horror stories. One woman said that she went to the dentist to have **braces** fitted, but the dentist painfully pulled eight teeth from her mouth. She said that she bled for days.

If the court finds the dentist guilty, he might go to prison for 10 years and pay 375,000 euro.

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: **accuse** (to say that somebody is guilty of a crime), **mutilate** (to damage, to hurt), **braces**(wires in the mouth which straighten the teeth).

Dangerous dentist - level 3

This is the dentist French media are calling “the butcher” arriving at a court in central France earlier this week.

Fifty-one-year-old Jacobus Marinus van Nierop is **accused** of **mutilating** over a hundred patients, before **fleeing** to Canada where he was arrested in 2014. Many of the dentist’s **former** patients were present for the beginning of the **trial** and shared horror stories about their **alleged** experiences.

One woman told a French newspaper that she went to van Nierop to have **braces** fitted, but left having had eight of her teeth painfully pulled from her mouth. She says she bled for three days. Another **claimed** she had her teeth **filed down**, when she was expecting to have them cleaned.

A lawyer for van Nierop was quoted in January as saying the dentist recognized that he did not do good work, but said he was not the horrible person some people had described. She said his **flight** to Canada was part of a plan to take his own life, adding, that he was in poor health.

If found **guilty** of **mutilation** and charges of **defrauding** French social security, van Nierop could face 10 years in prison and a **fine** of 375,000 euro.

[Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words:](#) **accuse** (to say that somebody is guilty of a crime), **mutilate** (to damage, to hurt), **flee** (to run away), **former** (-ex), **trial** (when somebody is in court), **alleged** (something people say, but we don't know it for sure), **braces** (wires in the mouth which straighten the teeth), **claim** (to say), **file down** (to reduce the size with a file – a tool), **flight** (an escape), **guilty** (responsible for a crime), **defraud** (to cheat), **fine** (the money you must pay for doing something bad).

Girl can't love - level 1

This news is about a girl. She is three years old. She is from Britain. She has a **rare illness**. She cannot love or be loved. If you show her love, she gets **aggressive**. She can even attack you.

For example, her mother cannot kiss her. However, they show love in a special way. The mother is happy for every day with her daughter.

Around 130 people in the UK have this illness. Only 1,500 people in the world have it.

[Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new](#)

[words:](#) **rare** (special), **illness** (something which is wrong with your body), **aggressive** (wanting to attack).

Girl can't love - level 2

A three-year-old girl from the UK has a rare genetic **disorder**. This disorder means that she cannot speak or accept love. She responds to love with aggression. If her mother asked her for a kiss, she probably would bite her.

However, the girl's mother says that every day with her daughter is a gift. The two of them learned to show love in their own special way, but the mother would like to get more help from medical experts.

Doctors diagnosed the girl with the **syndrome** at 14 months. She also has a high **pain threshold** which means that she will often hurt herself without feeling it.

Around 130 people in the UK have the syndrome and only 1,500 people have it worldwide.

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: **disorder** (an illness), **syndrome** (a group of symptoms or health problems which happen together), **pain threshold** (the level when you start to feel pain).

Girl can't love - level 3

To her mum, Melody Cook is a very special little girl, but a rare genetic **disorder** means the three-year-old can't speak or accept love, responding only to **affection** with aggression.

“If I wanted to give Melody a **cuddle** she'd **clout** me. I know that full well, if I ask Melody for a kiss, she'd probably bite me. She was aggressive with me **constantly**, I had to have my eyes checked, she scratched my eyeball.”

Diagnosed with Phelan-McDermid Syndrome at fourteen months, Melody has a high **pain threshold** and will often hurt herself without feeling it. She was born without the chromosome 22. Phelan-McDermid Syndrome affects around 130 people in the UK and only 1,500 worldwide. It **impacts** speech, **mobility** and **cognitive development**.

“There's a lot of research linked with autism that's going on in in the UK and overseas in the US.”

Although trapped in her little body, Melody does show moments of warmth.

“She came over and she sat next to me and I just thought, ‘Have I done something, why do I deserve this?’ and she passed me a paper and a pen to draw hrt a picture, it was brilliant, it was the best thing, the best affection I've ever had from her.”

Rebecca says every day spent with her daughter is a gift and they've learned how to show love in their own special way. Rebecca's sharing her story to raise awareness, but she's also **appealing** for help from medical experts, so she can understand more about this rare disease.

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: **disorder** (an illness), **affection** (physical love), **cuddle** (a long hug), **clout** (hit), **constantly**(always), **pain threshold** (the level when you start to feel pain), **impact** (to affect), **mobility** (relating to movement), **cognitive** (relating to cognition – perception, feeling and thinking), **development** (growth),**appeal** (to ask).

Source: www.ondemandnews.com

Sisters meet after 30 years - level 1

This news is about two sisters. They are from Bolivia. They are only three and nine years old when a **volcano erupts**.

20,000 people die. The volcano destroys the sisters' town. The event **separates** the sisters. Different people adopt them. This happens in 1985.

Thirty years later, one of the sisters is in a video. She talks about her family. She wants to find them.

The other sister sees the video. She finds her sister. The two sisters meet again. They have 30 years to talk about! They are also trying to find their parents.

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: **volcano** (a mountain which can sometimes explode), **erupt** (to explode), **separate** (to be in two or more groups).

Sisters meet after 30 years - level 2

Two sisters were ages three and nine when a volcano in Bolivia **erupted**. The tragedy in 1985 left more than 20,000 people dead. The volcano destroyed the sisters' hometown and they were put up for adoption. This is how they became **separated**.

Thirty years later, one of the sisters asked about her family on a Facebook video. The other sister saw the video and found her sister.

Now, they have to **catch up** with thirty years of each other's lives. They are also trying to find out what happened to their parents. So far, they have not been successful.

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: **erupt** (to explode), **separate** (to be in two or more groups), **catch up** (to do something now which you did not do in the past).

Sisters meet after 30 years - level 3

It's a story that seems perfect for **the big screen**. Two sisters, **separated** during a devastating volcano, find each other after 30 years.

Lorena Sanchez and Jacqueline Vasquez Sanchez, were aged three and nine when the Tolima Volcano erupted and devastated their town in November 1985. The tragedy left more than 20,000 people dead and many victims were never identified. The sisters were separated during the event and were put up for adoption, after **authorities** believed they had lost their family.

Decades later Jacqueline saw a Facebook video, which **featured** her younger sister Lorena making an **appeal** for information on surviving family members. Jacqueline eventually **tracked down** her sister.

Lorena said, "it was beautiful and sad because it's been 30 years since the tragedy that I've come to find out what happened to my sister. So I have to catch up with thirty years of her life and she has to do the same with me."

The sisters are now trying to find out what happened to their parents, but despite public appeals, the search has not been successful.

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: **the big screen** (the movies), **separate** (to make into two or more groups), **authorities** (leaders), **feature** (to have), **track down** (to find), **appeal** (a request).

Emergency training in England - level 1

In England, there is a big training. It is for **emergency** training.

Emergency **staff** practise at the training. They practise what to do in a serious situation.

People plan this training for a year.

It happens at a station. There is a lot of **rubble**. There are people in the rubble. The emergency staff must help them.

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: **emergency** (an accident, a serious situation), **staff** (workers), **rubble** (pieces of a broken building).

Emergency training in England - level 2

People **recreated** Waterloo Station, a station in London and then they crushed it at an old power station. Emergency services used the **site** to practise what they would do in the event of a real incident.

This training took a year of planning. The training used seven tube carriages, bodies in and amongst the **rubble**, 1,000 actors who played the injured, and hundreds of emergency **staff**.

The training gave the emergency teams an opportunity to practise skills and functions they rarely get to use, and hopefully they won't have to.

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: **recreate** (to make a copy of), **site** (a place), **rubble** (pieces of a broken building), **staff** (workers).

Emergency training in England - level 3

Injured and **trapped** bodies in and amongst **rubble**, this is a scene after a building collapsed on Waterloo Station. It is what emergency services faced today in what looks like a major incident. But this is just a **drill** and it's Europe's largest ever.

Waterloo Station's been **partially** recreated and then crushed at a **disused** power station in Kent and emergency services are using this to practice what they would do in the event of a real major incident.

It's taken more than a year of planning, with seven tube carriages and hundreds of emergency service staff. There's also 1,000 actors, many of them with fake wounds, providing real **scenarios** for the responders to deal with.

The drill involves fire-fighters, police and **paramedics** along with more than 70 other agencies, including local councils, utility companies and specialists search and rescue teams and will last four days. There's also an on-site **mortuary** with disaster victim identification teams from all UK police regions working with other forensic specialists.

The **scale** of this drill gives the teams an opportunity to practise skills and functions they rarely get to use and hope they won't have to.

[Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words:](#) **trapped** (unable to move), **rubble** (ruins), **drill** (a training), **partially** (partly), **disused** (no longer in use), **scenario** (a situation that could happen), **paramedic** (a person who gives emergency medical care), **mortuary** (a place where dead bodies are kept), **scale** (the size).

Source: www.ondemandnews.com

[Meteor in Scotland - level 1](#)

This news is from Scotland. Something unusual happens in the evening. There is a **flash** of light. Everything goes white for a moment.

People see this and film it. They put the pictures and videos on the Internet. They talk about it. Some people say that this is the end of the world.

However, it isn't the end. The **bright** thing in the sky is just a meteor. It isn't big. It is just 10 centimetres **across**.

[Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words:](#) **flash** (a quick moment), **bright** (strong), **across** (from side to side).

[Meteor in Scotland - level 2](#)

A **bright flash** of light **illuminated** the night sky of Scotland. People took pictures of it and many posted the pictures on social media.

They talked about what it could mean, and some said that it was the end of the world.

However, it probably was just a meteor. Experts say that it was no more than about 10 centimetres across, so it wasn't quite Armageddon.

[Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words:](#) **bright** (strong), **flash** (when something shines a lot for a moment), **illuminate** *verb* (to throw light on).

[Meteor in Scotland - level 3](#)

A bright flash of light illuminates the sky, as what's believed to be a meteor, **streaks** across the sky in Scotland, which the UK **Met** Office has confirmed wasn't weather-related.

Many Scots reported seeing this **astonishing** sight in the early evening sky. Images of the **phenomenon** started circulating on social media with some speculating on what it could mean and others taking to Twitter to somewhat dramatically **declare** that it was a sign of the end of the world.

Captured on car **dash-cam**, the scene seems like any normal evening drive until the sky suddenly lights up and a travelling spotlight looks to be falling down to earth.

Other **CCTV footage** like this one here shows a dramatic flash of white, prompting many to report the unusual event to the police. But despite all the **furor**, experts **claim** that meteors are no more than a **speck** of dust. And that if this is one, it would have been no more than about 10 centimetres across.

So it wasn't quite Armageddon as was suggested on social media.

[Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words:](#) **streak** (to move very fast), **Met** (meteorological – about weather), **astonishing** (amazing), **phenomenon** (something which happens), **declare** (to

say), **dash-cam** (a camera which you put in your car), **CCTV footage** (security camera video), **furore** (excitement), **claim** (to say), **speck** (a small piece).

Cold-water chess - level 1

This news is about chess. There is a special version of chess. It is cold-water chess. You play chess, and you sit in very cold water.

The game is not new. Some people **played** in Soviet times. Now, two Russian men play it again.

The game can look a little crazy. But the men like it. They say that cold water helps you **concentrate**. Playing chess helps you **stay** in the water for longer.

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: **-ed** (in the past), **concentrate** (to think hard), **stay** (to be).

Cold-water chess - level 2

There is an interesting style of playing chess. It is cold-water chess – you play chess while you sit in icy water.

Two Russian swimmers got the idea for cold-water chess after reading about winter swimmers who played the game in Soviet times. It may look like a crazy thing to do, but the swimmers say that it has its **benefits**.

One of the men said that playing in cold water helps him **concentrate**, and it lets him stay in the water for longer.

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: **benefit** (a good thing), **concentrate** (to think hard).

Cold-water chess - level 3

It's a winter **pursuit** like no other, a challenge for both body and mind. This is cold-water chess!

It may look like a crazy thing to do, but here in Russia these swimmers say it does have its benefits. This man says playing in cold water helps you concentrate and lets you stay in the water for longer. He says when you get in, you face a certain fear barrier, but once you get past that you just test your **tolerance** and **stamina**. Easy!

These swimmers say they got the idea for cold-water chess after reading about winter swimmers who played the game in Soviet times, but while they may find it enjoyable, somehow it's hard to see this version of the classic game catching on.

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: **pursuit** (an activity), **tolerance** (willingness to do something), **stamina** (the strength, the power to go through something difficult).

Soldier in the jungle – level 1

This news is from Colombia. Soldiers are in a jungle. One of them **separates** from the group. He gets lost.

He is in the jungle for 23 days. He walks and looks for food. He eats plants, turtle meat and fruit. He drinks very little water. He thinks about his family. This keeps him going. He **makes up** his own rap songs, too.

His **fellow soldiers** find him. Everybody is very happy. They give the soldier food and take him to hospital.

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: **separate** (to get away), **make up** (to make in your head), **fellow soldiers** (the soldiers in his group, his friends).

Soldier in the jungle – level 2

Three weeks ago, a soldier went missing in Colombia's **wilderness**. He somehow **separated** from his group in an area known for heavy rebel activity.

The soldier spent most days walking around looking for food. He survived on plants, turtle meat and fruit. He went days without water. He said that his family **inspired** him to go on. He even made up his own rap songs to keep himself going.

After 23 days, his fellow soldiers were very happy when they found him. They gave him food and took him to hospital.

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: **wilderness** (an area with no people), **separate** (to get away from something), **inspire** (to help).

Soldier in the jungle – level 3

Finally found! Here's the Colombian soldier who went missing for 23 days in the jungle. His fellow **troops** can be seen spoon-feeding this **stray** soldier after they found him alive and well after a jungle-wide search.

Yeffer Sanchez went missing three weeks ago in the wilderness of Colombia's Central Meta Province. He said that somehow he became separated from his unit while on patrol in an area known for heavy rebel activity.

Weak and thin when he was discovered, he didn't appear to have sustained any serious injuries. Speaking from the helicopter which was flying him to safety, Sanchez said he was grateful that his fellow comrades didn't **abandon the cause**. The soldier said he spent most of his days walking around in search of a way out, and that he even resorted to making up his own rap songs to keep his spirits up. Surviving on plants, turtle meat and fruit, Sanchez said he went days without **hydration**.

And he was met with applause when he returned to his base. He'll undergo a medical and psychological test before being reunited with his family, who he says were the inspiration behind his survival.

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: **troops** (soldiers), **stray** (lost), **abandon the cause** (to give up), **hydration** (water).

Apple vs the FBI - level 1

There is a **shooting**. It happens in the USA. The killers have iPhones. The FBI **investigates** the killers. The FBI has the iPhones of the killers. But it cannot **unlock** the iPhones. The FBI asks Apple for help.

Apple wants to help. The situation is complicated. To unlock the iPhones, Apple must write a piece of software. This software can unlock the two iPhones.

However, this software is bad. It can unlock the two iPhones. But it can also put millions of iPhones in danger.

Tim Cook is the boss of Apple. He says that the software is like **cancer**. Apple does not want to write this piece of software.

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: **shooting** (a situation when somebody shoots a lot of people), **investigate** (to get more information about something), **unlock** (to get in something), **cancer** (a very bad disease).

Apple vs the FBI - level 2

The FBI wants Apple to unlock two iPhones. These iPhones belonged to the killers of the San Bernardino shootings, which took place in December last year.

Apple wants to help the FBI, but the problem is complicated. It is not easy to unlock an iPhone without writing a special piece of software. Apple has never written this piece of software and it does not want to.

Tim Cook, the boss of Apple, said that this software is like cancer. It would unlock the two phones, but it would also make everyone's iPhone **vulnerable**. That is why Apple does not want to write the code.

The American public is **divided** – some support Apple while others support the FBI.

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: **vulnerable** (in danger), **divided** (to set into two groups).

Snake Bites a Man – level 1



A snake **enters** a school. The school is in India. The snake is big. It is **non-venomous**. People take the snake away from the school.

People want to take pictures with the snake. One man wants to take a selfie. He stands next to the snake. The snake **bites** him.

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: **enter** (come into), **non-venomous** (with no poison, something that is very bad for your body), **bite** (attack with the mouth).

Snake Bites a Man – level 2

In India, a **python** entered a school. **Officials** came and **removed** it from the school.

After removing the snake, people wanted to take pictures with it. One man wanted to take a selfie, but the snake bit him when he was **posing**.

Later, people took the snake away again, but the man will remember it forever.

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: **python** (a big non-venomous snake; venom is poison), **official** (a person in a position of authority), **remove** (move something away), **pose** (stand in a way that looks good in a picture).

Snake Bites a Man – level 3

Forest department officials in India's Rajasthan state removed **apython** that entered the **premises** of a school.

After successfully capturing the snake, people started to pose for pictures with it. One man tried to take a selfie with the snake, and he got bit.

Later, officials took the snake away again, but the man will surely hold onto the moment forever, **regardless of** having actually taken a picture.

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: python (a large, heavy non-venomous snake; venom is poison), premises (a building together with its land and outbuildings), regardless of (without reference to; careless of; without consideration of).

Water on Europa – level 1



Jupiter has moons. Europa is one of them. It **might support** life.

NASA's Hubble Space Telescope finds water on this moon. The water is flying into the air.

NASA wants to send a **spacecraft** to Europa. It wants to do this in the mid-2020s.

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: might (can – but we do not know, we only think), support (be good for), spacecraft (a machine which goes to space).

Water on Europa – level 2

Europa is one of Jupiter's biggest moons. It is one of the candidates that could support life in our solar system.

NASA's Hubble Space Telescope **discovered** water. It was **spewed** on the moon.

In the mid-2020s, a NASA spacecraft will **launch**. It will fly near Europa more than 40 times to take pictures of it.

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: discover (find something), spew (let out, force out into the air), launch (send into space).

Water on Europa – level 3

Europa is one of Jupiter's biggest moons and one of the most **promising** candidates for **harbouring** life in the solar system. NASA's Hubble Space Telescope discovered what may be **plumes** of water **spewing** on this moon.

A planned NASA spacecraft, targeted for launch in the mid-2020s, will make more than 40 close flybys. The observations mean that future missions to Europa may be able to take samples from its ocean.

Translate the text into Uzbek and learn the new words: **promising** (good), **harbour** (be a good home to), **plume** (a cloud, a mass), **spew**(let out, force out into the air).

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